## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

# QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2015

OR

• TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

**Commission File Number 001-36505** 

# Viper Energy Partners LP

(Exact Name of Registrant As Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

500 West Texas, Suite 1200 Midland, Texas

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

.....

(432) 221-7400 (Registrant Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🛛 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large Accelerated Filer 0

Non-Accelerated Filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of August 5, 2015, 79,717,776 common limited partner units of the registrant were outstanding.

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79701

Accelerated Filer

Smaller Reporting Company

46-5001985

(IRS Employer

Identification Number

(Zip Code)

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#### **GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

The following includes a description of the meanings of some of the oil and natural gas industry terms used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report")

*3-D seismic*. Geophysical data that depict the subsurface strata in three dimensions. 3-D seismic typically provides a more detailed and accurate interpretation of the subsurface strata than 2-D, or two-dimensional, seismic.

Basin. A large depression on the earth's surface in which sediments accumulate.

Bbl. Stock tank barrel, or 42 U.S. gallons liquid volume, used in this Quarterly Report in reference to crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

Bbls/d. Bbls per day.

BOE. Barrels of oil equivalent, with six thousand cubic feet of natural gas being equivalent to one barrel of oil.

BOE/d. BOE per day.

British Thermal Unit. The quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water by one degree Fahrenheit.

*Completion.* The process of treating a drilled well followed by the installation of permanent equipment for the production of natural gas or oil, or in the case of a dry hole, the reporting of abandonment to the appropriate agency.

Condensate. Liquid hydrocarbons associated with the production of a primarily natural gas reserve.

Crude oil. Liquid hydrocarbons retrieved from geological structures underground to be refined into fuel sources.

Delaware Act. Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act.

**Deterministic method**. The method of estimating reserves or resources under which a single value for each parameter (from the geoscience, engineering or economic data) in the reserves calculation is used in the reserves estimation procedure.

Developed acreage. The number of acres that are allocated or assignable to productive wells or wells capable of production.

**Development costs**. Capital costs incurred in the acquisition, exploitation and exploration of proved oil and natural gas reserves divided by proved reserve additions and revisions to proved reserves.

Development well. A well drilled within the proved area of a natural gas or oil reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

**Differential**. An adjustment to the price of oil or natural gas from an established spot market price to reflect differences in the quality and/or location of oil or natural gas.

Dry hole or dry well. A well found to be incapable of producing hydrocarbons in sufficient quantities such that proceeds from the sale of such production exceed production expenses and taxes.

*Estimated Ultimate Recovery or EUR*. Estimated ultimate recovery is the sum of reserves remaining as of a given date and cumulative production as of that date.

*Exploitation*. A development or other project which may target proven or unproven reserves (such as probable or possible reserves), but which generally has a lower risk than that associated with exploration projects.

*Exploratory well*. A well drilled to find and produce natural gas or oil reserves not classified as proved, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of natural gas or oil in another reservoir or to extend a known reservoir.

*Field*. An area consisting of either a single reservoir or multiple reservoirs, all grouped on or related to the same individual geological structural feature and/or stratigraphic condition.

*Finding and development costs.* Capital costs incurred in the acquisition, exploitation and exploration of proved oil and natural gas reserves divided by proved reserve additions and revisions to proved reserves.

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*Fracturing*. The process of creating and preserving a fracture or system of fractures in a reservoir rock typically by injecting a fluid under pressure through a wellbore and into the targeted formation.

Gross acres or gross wells. The total acres or wells, as the case may be, in which a working interest is owned.

*Horizontal drilling*. A drilling technique used in certain formations where a well is drilled vertically to a certain depth and then drilled at a right angle with a specified interval.

*Horizontal wells*. Wells drilled directionally horizontal to allow for development of structures not reachable through traditional vertical drilling mechanisms.

Inception. September 18, 2013.

**MBbls**. Thousand barrels of crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

*MBOE*. One thousand barrels of crude oil equivalent, determined using a ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one Bbl of crude oil, condensate or natural gas liquids.

*Mcf*. Thousand cubic feet of natural gas.

Mcf/d. Mcf per day.

Mineral interests. The interests in ownership of the resource and mineral rights, giving an owner the right to profit from the extracted resources.

MMBtu. Million British Thermal Units.

*MMcf*. Million cubic feet of natural gas.

Net acres or net wells. The sum of the fractional working interest owned in gross acres.

Net revenue interest. An owner's interest in the revenues of a well after deducting proceeds allocated to royalty and overriding interests.

*NGLs*. The combination of ethane, propane, butane and natural gasolines that when removed from natural gas become liquid under various levels of higher pressure and lower temperature.

**NYMEX**. New York Mercantile Exchange.

Oil and natural gas properties. Tracts of land consisting of properties to be developed for oil and natural gas resource extraction.

Operator. The individual or company responsible for the exploration and/or production of an oil or natural gas well or lease.

PDP. Proved developed producing.

*Play*. A set of discovered or prospective oil and/or natural gas accumulations sharing similar geologic, geographic and temporal properties, such as source rock, reservoir structure, timing, trapping mechanism and hydrocarbon type.

**Plugging and abandonment**. Refers to the sealing off of fluids in the strata penetrated by a well so that the fluids from one stratum will not escape into another or to the surface. Regulations of all states require plugging of abandoned wells.

**PUD**. Proved undeveloped.

**Productive well.** A well that is found to be capable of producing hydrocarbons in sufficient quantities such that proceeds from the sale of the production exceed production expenses and taxes.

**Prospect.** A specific geographic area which, based on supporting geological, geophysical or other data and also preliminary economic analysis using reasonably anticipated prices and costs, is deemed to have potential for the discovery of commercial hydrocarbons.

Proved developed reserves. Reserves that can be expected to be recovered through existing wells with existing equipment and operating methods.

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*Proved reserves*. The estimated quantities of oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids which geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be commercially recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions.

*Proved undeveloped reserves*. Proved reserves that are expected to be recovered from new wells on undrilled acreage or from existing wells where a relatively major expenditure is required for recompletion.

*Recompletion*. The process of re-entering an existing wellbore that is either producing or not producing and completing new reservoirs in an attempt to establish or increase existing production.

**Reserves.** Reserves are estimated remaining quantities of oil and natural gas and related substances anticipated to be economically producible, as of a given date, by application of development projects to known accumulations. In addition, there must exist, or there must be a reasonable expectation that there will exist, the legal right to produce or a revenue interest in the production, installed means of delivering oil and natural gas or related substances to the market and all permits and financing required to implement the project. Reserves should not be assigned to adjacent reservoirs isolated by major, potentially sealing, faults until those reservoirs are penetrated and evaluated as economically producible. Reserves should not be assigned to areas that are clearly separated from a known accumulation by a non-productive reservoir (i.e., absence of reservoir, structurally low reservoir or negative test results). Such areas may contain prospective resources (i.e., potentially recoverable resources from undiscovered accumulations).

*Reservoir*. A porous and permeable underground formation containing a natural accumulation of producible natural gas and/or oil that is confined by impermeable rock or water barriers and is separate from other reservoirs.

*Resource play*. A set of discovered or prospective oil and/or natural gas accumulations sharing similar geologic, geographic and temporal properties, such as source rock, reservoir structure, timing, trapping mechanism and hydrocarbon type.

*Royalty interest*. An interest that gives an owner the right to receive a portion of the resources or revenues without having to carry any costs of development.

SEC. Securities and Exchange Commission.

*Spacing*. The distance between wells producing from the same reservoir. Spacing is often expressed in terms of acres (e.g., 40-acre spacing) and is often established by regulatory agencies.

*Standardized measure*. The present value of estimated future net revenue to be generated from the production of proved reserves, determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC (using prices and costs in effect as of the date of estimation), less future development, production and income tax expenses, and discounted at 10% per annum to reflect the timing of future net revenue. Because we are a limited partnership, we are generally not subject to federal or state income taxes and thus make no provision for federal or state income taxes in the calculation of our standardized measure. Standardized measure does not give effect to derivative transactions.

Tight formation. A formation with low permeability that produces natural gas with very low flow rates for long periods of time.

**Undeveloped acreage**. Lease acreage on which wells have not been drilled or completed to a point that would permit the production of commercial quantities of oil and natural gas regardless of whether such acreage contains proved reserves.

Wellbore. The hole drilled by the bit that is equipped for oil or natural gas production on a completed well.

*Working interest*. An operating interest that gives the owner the right to drill, produce and conduct operating activities on the property and receive a share of production and requires the owner to pay a share of the costs of drilling and production operations.

WTI. West Texas Intermediate.

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## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Various statements contained in this Quarterly Report that express a belief, expectation, or intention, or that are not statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, regarding our strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues and losses, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management are forward-looking statements. When used in this Quarterly Report, the words "could," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "may," "continue," "predict," "potential," "project," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words. In particular, the factors discussed in this Quarterly Report, including those detailed under Part II. Item 1A. Risk Factors in this Quarterly Report, could affect our actual results and cause our actual results to differ materially from expectations, estimates or assumptions expressed, forecasted or implied in such forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements may include statements about:

- our ability to execute our business strategies;
- the volatility of realized oil and natural gas prices;
- the level of production on our properties;
- regional supply and demand factors, delays or interruptions of production;
- our ability to replace our oil and natural gas reserves;
- our ability to identify, complete and integrate acquisitions of properties or businesses;
- general economic, business or industry conditions;
- competition in the oil and natural gas industry;
- the ability of our operators to obtain capital or financing needed for development and exploration operations;
- title defects in the properties in which we invest;
- uncertainties with respect to identified drilling locations and estimates of reserves;
- the availability or cost of rigs, equipment, raw materials, supplies, oilfield services or personnel;
- restrictions on the use of water;
- the availability of transportation facilities;
- the ability of our operators to comply with applicable governmental laws and regulations and to obtain permits and governmental approvals;
- federal and state legislative and regulatory initiatives relating to hydraulic fracturing;
- future operating results;
- exploration and development drilling prospects, inventories, projects and programs;
- · operating hazards faced by our operators; and
- the ability of our operators to keep pace with technological advancements.

All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations reflected in or suggested by the forward-looking statements we make in this Quarterly Report are reasonable, we can give no assurance that these plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved or occur, and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements.

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## Viper Energy Partners LP Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	 June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
	(In thousands, ex	cept ı	init amounts)
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,988	\$	15,110
Restricted cash	500		500
Royalty income receivable	9,902		8,239
Other current assets	467		253
Total current assets	 20,857		24,102
Oil and natural gas interests, based on the full cost method of accounting (\$45,741 and \$91,444 excluded from depletion at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively)	511,008		511,085
Accumulated depletion	(50,650)		(32,800)
	 460,358		478,285
Other assets	 35,175		35,015
Total assets	\$ 516,390	\$	537,402
Liabilities and Unitholders' Equity/Members' Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ —	\$	6
Other accrued liabilities	1,105		2,045
Total current liabilities	 1,105		2,051
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)			
Unitholders' equity:			
Common units (79,717,776 units issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014)	515,285		535,351
Total unitholders' equity	 515,285		535,351
Total liabilities and unitholders' equity	\$ 516,390	\$	537,402

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## Viper Energy Partners LP Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months 1	Six Months Ended June		
	2015	2014*	2015		2014*	
		(In thousands, exce	pt per unit amounts)	1		
Royalty income	19,619	17,249	\$ 36,164	\$	33,102	
Costs and expenses:						
Production and ad valorem taxes	1,417	1,392	2,745		2,313	
Depletion	8,949	6,064	17,850		11,631	
General and administrative expenses	1,168	219	2,595		285	
General and administrative expenses—related party	139	78	264		156	
Total costs and expenses	11,673	7,753	23,454		14,385	
Income from operations	7,946	9,496	12,710		18,717	
Other income (expense)						
Interest expense	(207)	—	(375)			
Interest expense—related party, net of capitalized interest	—	(5,387)	—		(10,755)	
Other income	306	—	792		—	
Total other income (expense), net	99	(5,387)	417		(10,755)	
Net income	8,045	4,109	\$ 13,127	\$	7,962	
Allocation of net income:						
Net income attributable for the period April 1, 2014 or January 1, 2014, as applicable, through June 22, 2014		3,168		\$	7,021	
Net income attributable to the period June 23, 2014 through June 30, 2014		941			941	
		4,109		\$	7,962	
Net income attributable to common limited partners per unit:						
Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.16	\$	0.01	
Weighted average number of limited partner units outstanding						
Basic and Diluted	79,710	76,200	79,710		76,200	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. \*See Note 1 for information regarding the basis of financial statement presentation.

## Viper Energy Partners LP Statement of Consolidated Unitholders' Equity and Members' Equity (Unaudited)

	I	Limited Partners		
		Common	 Predecessor Members' Equity	 Total
			(In thousands)	
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$	—	\$ 2,988	\$ 2,988
Net income attributable to the period January 1, 2014 through June 22, 2014		_	7,021	7,021
Contribution of Note payable to Equity		—	437,115	437,115
Distribution payable to Diamondback (Note 1)		—	(11,260)	(11,260)
Exchange of Predecessor interests for units (Note 1)		435,864	(435,864)	_
Net proceeds from the issuance of common units		137,238	—	137,238
Distribution of net proceeds to Diamondback (Note 1)		(137,500)		(137,500)
Unit-based compensation		128		128
Net income attributable to the period June 23, 2014 through June 30, 2014		941	_	941
Balance at June 30, 2014*	\$	436,671	\$ _	\$ 436,671
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	535,351	\$ 	\$ 535,351
Unit-based compensation		1,878		1,878
Distribution to public		(4,074)	_	(4,074)
Distribution to Diamondback		(30,997)	—	(30,997)
Net income		13,127	_	13,127
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	515,285	\$ 	\$ 515,285

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. \*See Note 1 for information regarding the basis of financial statement presentation.

## Viper Energy Partners LP Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015		2014*
	(In tho	usands)	
\$	13,127	\$	7,962
	17,850		11,631
	141		—
	1,878		128
	(1,663)		2,258
	(214)		(16)
	—		(9,172)
	(946)		1,273
	30,173		14,064
	_		(5,275)
	77		_
	77		(5,275)
	_		(2,885)
	(301)		_
	_		139,035
			(1,172)
	_		(137,500)
	(35,071)		_
	(35,372)		(2,522)
	(5,122)		6,267
	15,110		762
\$	9,988	\$	7,029
\$	234	\$	16,496
\$	_	\$	437,115
\$		\$	5,275
		2015    (In the    \$  13,127    17,850  141    17,850  141    1,878  (1,663)    (214)     (946)  30,173	(In thousands)    \$  13,127  \$    \$  13,878  17,850    17,850  141  1878    17,850  141  1878    (1,663)  (214)  -    (214)   (946)    (214)   -    (946)  30,173  -    (30,173)   -    (301)   -    (301)   -    (301)   -    (35,071)   -    (35,372)   15,110    \$  9,988  \$  -    \$  9,988  \$  -

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## Viper Energy Partners LP Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

\*See Note 1 for information regarding the basis of financial statement presentation.

#### Viper Energy Partners LP Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### Organization

Viper Energy Partners LP (the "Partnership") is a publicly traded Delaware limited partnership, the common units of which are listed on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol "VNOM". The Partnership was formed by Diamondback Energy, Inc., a Delaware corporation (together with its subsidiaries, "Diamondback"), on February 27, 2014 to, among other things, own, acquire and exploit oil and natural gas properties in North America. The Partnership is currently focused on oil and natural gas properties in the Permian Basin. Unless the context requires otherwise, references to "we," "us," "our," or "the Partnership" are intended to mean the business and operations of Viper Energy Partners LP and its consolidated subsidiary, Viper Energy Partners LLC (the "Predecessor"), a Delaware limited liability company.

Prior to the completion on June 23, 2014 of the Partnership's initial public offering (the "IPO") of 5,750,000 common units representing limited partner interests (which included 750,000 common units issued pursuant to an option to purchase additional common units granted to the underwriters), Diamondback owned all of the general and limited partner interests in the Partnership. On June 23, 2014, the Partnership completed its IPO at a price to the public of \$26.00 per common unit. The Partnership received net proceeds of approximately \$137.2 million from the sale of these common units, net of offering expenses and underwriting discounts and commissions.

In connection with the IPO, Diamondback contributed all of the membership interests in the Predecessor to the Partnership in exchange for 70,450,000 common units. Diamondback maintained its non-economic general partner interest in the Partnership through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Viper Energy Partners GP LLC (the "General Partner"), a Delaware limited liability company. In addition, in connection with the closing of the IPO, the Partnership agreed to distribute to Diamondback all cash and cash equivalents and the royalty income receivable on hand in the aggregate amount of approximately \$11.6 million and the net proceeds from the IPO. As of December 31, 2014, the Partnership had distributed \$148.8 million to Diamondback as part of the IPO transactions. The contribution of the Predecessor to the Partnership was accounted for as a combination of entities under common control with assets and liabilities transferred at their carrying amounts in a manner similar to a pooling of interests.

On September 19, 2014, the Partnership completed an underwritten public offering of 3,500,000 common units. The common units were sold to the public at \$28.50 per unit and the Partnership received net proceeds of approximately \$94.8 million from the sale of these common units, net of offering expenses and underwriting discounts and commissions.

As of June 30, 2015, the General Partner held a 100% non-economic general partner interest in the Partnership and Diamondback had an approximate 88% limited partner interest in the Partnership. Diamondback owns and controls the General Partner.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated results of operations following the completion of the IPO are presented together with the results of operations pertaining to the Predecessor. The assets of the Predecessor consisted of mineral interests in oil and natural gas properties in the Permian Basin, which were acquired on September 19, 2013. See Note 3—Acquisitions. The contribution of the Predecessor to the Partnership on June 17, 2014 was accounted for as a combination of entities under common control with assets and liabilities transferred at their carrying amounts in a manner similar to a pooling of interests. The Partnership did not own any assets prior to June 17, 2014, the date of the contribution agreement by and among Diamondback, the Predecessor, the General Partner and the Partnership. Prior to the IPO, the Predecessor was a wholly owned subsidiary of Diamondback. For periods prior to June 17, 2014, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto represent the financial position, results of operations, cash flows and changes in members' equity of the Predecessor and, for periods on and after June 17, 2014, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto represent the financial position, results of operations, cash flows and changes in partners' equity of the Partnership and its wholly owned subsidiary.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). All material intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Use of Estimates

Certain amounts included in or affecting the Partnership's financial statements and related disclosures must be estimated by management, requiring certain assumptions to be made with respect to values or conditions that cannot be known with certainty at the time the financial statements are prepared. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts the Partnership reports for assets and liabilities and the Partnership's disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements.

The Partnership evaluates these estimates on an ongoing basis, using historical experience, consultation with experts and other methods the Partnership considers reasonable in the particular circumstances. Nevertheless, actual results may differ significantly from the Partnership's estimates. Any effects on the Partnership's business, financial position or results of operations resulting from revisions to these estimates are recorded in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision become known. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include estimates of proved oil and natural gas reserves and related present value estimates of future net cash flows therefrom, the carrying value of oil and natural gas properties and unit–based compensation.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, "*Revenue from Contracts with Customers*". ASU 2014-09 supersedes most of the existing revenue recognition requirements in GAAP and requires (i) an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services and (ii) requires expanded disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing, and certainty of revenue and cash flows from contracts with customers. The standard will be effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with early application not permitted. The standard allows for either full retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied to all periods presented in the financial statements, or modified retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied only to the most current period presented. The Partnership is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have on the Partnership's financial position, results of operations, and liquidity.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, "*Interest—Imputation of Interest*". ASU 2015-03 requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from that debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs. The standard will be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early application will be permitted for financial statements that have not previously been issued. Adoption of the new guidance will only affect the presentation of the Partnership's consolidated balance sheets and will not have a material impact on the Partnership's consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. OIL AND NATURAL GAS INTERESTS

Oil and natural gas interests include the following:

	J	une 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
		(in thousands)		
Oil and natural gas interests:				
Subject to depletion	\$	465,267	\$	419,641
Not subject to depletion—acquisition costs				
Incurred in 2014		45,733		48,266
Incurred in 2013		8		43,178
Total not subject to depletion		45,741		91,444
Gross oil and natural gas interests		511,008		511,085
Accumulated depletion		(50,650)		(32,800)
Oil and natural gas interests, net	\$	460,358	\$	478,285

Costs associated with unevaluated properties are excluded from the full cost pool until a determination as to the existence of proved reserves is able to be made. The inclusion of the Partnership's unevaluated costs into the amortization base is expected to be completed within three to five years.

## 4. DEBT

#### Credit Agreement-Wells Fargo Bank

On July 8, 2014, the Partnership entered into a secured revolving credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, or Wells Fargo, as the administrative agent, sole book runner and lead arranger. The credit agreement, which was amended August 15, 2014 to add additional lenders to the lending group, provides for a revolving credit facility in the maximum amount of \$500.0 million, subject to scheduled semi-annual and other elective collateral borrowing base redeterminations based on the Partnership's oil and natural gas reserves and other factors (the "borrowing base"). The borrowing base is scheduled to be re-determined semi-annually with effective dates of April 1st and October 1st. In addition, the Partnership may request up to three additional redeterminations of the borrowing base during any 12-month period. The credit agreement was further amended on May 22, 2015 to, among other things, increase the borrowing base from \$110.0 million to \$175.0 million and to provide for certain restrictions on purchasing margin stock. As of June 30, 2015, the borrowing base remained at \$175.0 million. The Partnership had no outstanding borrowings as of June 30, 2015.

The outstanding borrowings under the credit agreement bear interest at a rate elected by the Partnership that is equal to an alternative base rate (which is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the Federal Funds effective rate plus 0.5% and 3-month LIBOR plus 1.0%) or LIBOR, in each case plus the applicable margin ranges from 0.5% to 1.50% in the case of the alternative base rate and from 1.50% to 2.50% in the case of LIBOR, in each case depending on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base. The Partnership is obligated to pay a quarterly commitment fee ranging from 0.375% to 0.500% per year on the unused portion of the borrowing base, which fee is also dependent on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base, which fee is also dependent on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base, which fee is also dependent on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base, whether due to a borrowing base redetermination or otherwise (in some cases subject to a cure period) and (b) at the maturity date of July 8, 2019. The loan is secured by substantially all of the assets of the Partnership and its subsidiary.

The credit agreement contains various affirmative, negative and financial maintenance covenants. These covenants, among other things, limit additional indebtedness, purchases of margin stock, additional liens, sales of assets, mergers and consolidations, dividends and distributions, transactions with affiliates and entering into certain swap agreements and require the maintenance of the financial ratios described below.

Financial Covenant	<b>Required Ratio</b>
Ratio of total debt to EBITDAX	Not greater than 4.0 to 1.0
Ratio of current assets to liabilities, as defined in the credit agreement	Not less than 1.0 to 1.0
EBITDAX is annualized for the four fiscal quarters ending on the last day of the fiscal quarter for which fin	nancial statements are available,
beginning with the quarter ended September 30, 2014.	

The covenant prohibiting additional indebtedness allows for the issuance of unsecured debt of up to \$250.0 million in the form of senior unsecured notes and, in connection with any such issuance, the reduction of the borrowing base by 25% of the stated principal amount of each such issuance. A borrowing base reduction in connection with such issuance may require a portion of the outstanding principal of the loan to be repaid.

The lenders may accelerate all of the indebtedness under the Partnership's credit agreement upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any event of default. The credit agreement contains customary events of default, including non-payment, breach of covenants, materially incorrect representations, cross-default, bankruptcy and change of control. There are no cure periods for events of default due to non-payment of principal and breaches of negative and financial covenants, but non-payment of interest and breaches of certain affirmative covenants are subject to customary cure periods.

#### Subordinated Note

Effective September 19, 2013, the Predecessor issued a subordinated note to Diamondback for the principal sum of \$440.0 million for a royalty interest acquisition. In connection with the IPO, the subordinated note was converted to equity. The note bore interest at 7.625% per annum. Interest was due and payable monthly in arrears on the first business day of each calendar month. The unpaid principal balance and all accrued interest on the note were due and payable in full on October 1, 2021. Any indebtedness evidenced by this note was subordinate in the right of payment to any indebtedness outstanding under the



Diamondback credit agreement. Prior to the completion of the IPO, there was \$437.1 million of principal and interest outstanding under this note.

#### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### Partnership Agreement

In connection with the closing of the IPO, the General Partner and Diamondback entered into the first amended and restated agreement of limited partnership (the "Partnership Agreement"), dated June 23, 2014.

The Partnership Agreement requires the Partnership to reimburse the General Partner for all direct and indirect expenses incurred or paid on the Partnership's behalf and all other expenses allocable to the Partnership or otherwise incurred by the General Partner in connection with operating the Partnership's business. The Partnership Agreement does not set a limit on the amount of expenses for which the General Partner and its affiliates may be reimbursed. These expenses include salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to persons who perform services for the Partnership or on the Partnership's behalf and expenses allocated to the General Partner by its affiliates. The General Partner is entitled to determine the expenses that are allocable to the Partnership.

#### Advisory Services Agreement

In connection with the closing of the IPO, the Partnership and General Partner entered into an advisory services agreement (the "Advisory Services Agreement") with Wexford Capital LP ("Wexford"), Diamondback's equity sponsor, dated as of June 23, 2014, under which Wexford provides the Partnership and the General Partner with general financial and strategic advisory services related to the Partnership's business in return for an annual fee of \$0.5 million, plus reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Advisory Services Agreement has an initial term of two years commencing on June 23, 2014, and continues for additional one-year periods unless terminated in writing by either party at least ten days prior to the expiration of the then current term. It may be terminated at any time by either party upon 30 days prior written notice. In the event the Partnership terminates the Advisory Services Agreement, the Partnership is obligated to pay all amounts due through the remaining term. In addition, the Partnership has agreed to pay Wexford to-be-negotiated market-based fees approved by the conflict committee of the board of directors of the General Partner for such services as may be provided by Wexford at the Partnership's request in connection with future acquisitions and divestitures, financings or other transactions in which the Partnership may be involved. The services provided by Wexford and its affiliates from any and all losses arising out of or in connection with the Advisory Services Agreement except for losses resulting from Wexford's or its affiliates' gross negligence or willful misconduct. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, we incurred costs of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, under the Advisory Services Agreement.

#### Tax Sharing

In connection with the closing of the IPO, the Partnership entered into a tax sharing agreement (the "Tax Sharing Agreement") with Diamondback pursuant to which the Partnership will reimburse Diamondback for its share of state and local income and other taxes for which the Partnership's results are included in a combined or consolidated tax return filed by Diamondback with respect to taxable periods including or beginning on June 23, 2014. The amount of any such reimbursement is limited to the tax the Partnership would have paid had it not been included in a combined group with Diamondback. Diamondback may use its tax attributes to cause its combined or consolidated group, of which the Partnership may be a member for this purpose, to owe less or no tax. In such a situation, the Partnership would reimburse Diamondback for the tax the Partnership would have owed had the tax attributes not been available or used for the Partnership's benefit, even though Diamondback had no cash tax expense for that period.

#### **Shared Services Agreement**

Effective September 19, 2013, the Predecessor entered into a shared services agreement with Diamondback E&P LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Diamondback. This agreement was terminated in connection with the IPO. Under this agreement, Diamondback E&P LLC provided consulting and administrative services to the Predecessor. The Predecessor incurred a monthly charge for the services of \$26,000. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Partnership incurred costs under this agreement of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.



#### 6. UNIT-BASED COMPENSATION

On June 17, 2014, in connection with the IPO, the board of directors of the General Partner adopted the Viper Energy Partners LP Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"), effective June 17, 2014, for employees, officers, consultants and directors of the General Partner and any of its affiliates, including Diamondback, who perform services for the Partnership. The LTIP provides for the grant of unit options, unit appreciation rights, restricted units, unit awards, phantom units, distribution equivalent rights, cash awards, performance awards, other unit-based awards and substitute awards. A total of 9,144,000 common units has been reserved for issuance pursuant to the LTIP. Common units that are cancelled, forfeited or withheld to satisfy exercise prices or tax withholding obligations will be available for delivery pursuant to other awards. The LTIP is administered by the board of directors of the General Partner or a committee thereof.

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Partnership incurred \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, of unit–based compensation.

#### **Unit Options**

In accordance with the LTIP, the exercise price of unit options granted may not be less than the market value of the common units at the date of grant. The units issued under the LTIP will consist of new common units of the Partnership. On June 17, 2014, the Partnership granted 2,500,000 unit options to the executive officers of the General Partner. The unit options vest approximately 33% ratably on each of the next three anniversaries of the date of grant. In the event the fair market value per unit as of the exercise date is less than the exercise price per option unit, the vested options will automatically terminate and become null and void as of the exercise date.

The fair value of the unit options on the date of grant is expensed over the applicable vesting period. The Partnership estimates the fair values of unit options granted using a Black-Scholes option valuation model, which requires the Partnership to make several assumptions. At the time of grant the Partnership did not have a history of market prices, thus the expected volatility was determined using the historical volatility for a peer group of companies. The expected term of options granted was determined based on the contractual term of the awards. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. treasury yield curve rate for the expected term of the unit option at the date of grant. The expected dividend yield was based upon projected performance of the Partnership.

	2	2014
Grant-date fair value	\$	4.24
Expected volatility		36.0%
Expected dividend yield		5.9%
Expected term (in years)		3.0
Risk-free rate		0.99%

The following table presents the unit option activity under the LTIP for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

		Weighted Average				
	Unit Options	I	Exercise Price	Remaining Term	I	ntrinsic Value
				(in years)	(in t	housands)
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	2,500,000	\$	26.00			
Granted	—	\$	—			
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	2,500,000	\$	26.00	1.97	\$	—
Vested and Expected to vest at June 30, 2015	2,500,000	\$	26.00	1.97	\$	_
Exercisable at June 30, 2015		\$	—		\$	—

As of June 30, 2015, the unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested unit options was \$6.9 million. Such cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years.

#### **Phantom Units**

Under the LTIP, the board of directors of the General Partner is authorized to issue phantom units to eligible employees. The Partnership estimates the fair values of phantom units as the closing price of the Partnership's common units on the grant date of the award, which is expensed over the applicable vesting period. Upon vesting the phantom unit entitles the recipient one common unit of the Partnership for each phantom unit.

The following table presents the phantom unit activity under the LTIP for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

		,	Weighted Average
	Phantom		Grant-Date
	Units		Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2014	17,776	\$	19.51
Granted	_	\$	_
Vested	(8,888)	\$	19.51
Unvested at June 30, 2015	8,888	\$	19.51

The aggregate fair value of restricted stock units that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$0.2 million. As of June 30, 2015, the unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested phantom units was \$0.2 million. Such cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.0 years.

## 7. PARTNERS' CAPITAL AND PARTNERSHIP DISTRIBUTIONS

The Partnership has general partner and common unit partnership interests. The general partner interest is a non-economic interest and is not entitled to any cash distributions.

At June 30, 2015, the Partnership had a total of 79,717,776 common units issued and outstanding, of which 70,450,000 common units were owned by Diamondback, representing approximately 88% of the total Partnership common units outstanding.

The following table summarizes changes in the number of the Partnership's common units:

	Common Units
Diamondback Energy, Inc. ownership of common units	70,450,000
Common units issued in June 23, 2014 IPO	5,750,000
Common units issued in September 19, 2014 public offering	3,500,000
Common units vested and issued under the 2014 LTIP	17,776
Balance June 30, 2015	79,717,776

The board of directors of the General Partner has adopted a policy for the Partnership to distribute all available cash generated on a quarterly basis, beginning with the quarter ended September 30, 2014. On February 5, 2015, the board of directors of the General Partner approved a cash distribution attributable to the fourth quarter of 2014 of \$0.25 per common unit, which was paid on February 27, 2015. This distribution included a total of \$17.6 million distributed to Diamondback. On May 1, 2015, the board of directors of the General Partner approved a cash distribution attributable to the first quarter of 2015 of \$0.19 per common unit, which was paid on May 22, 2015. This distribution included a total of \$13.4 million distributed to Diamondback. Cash distributions will be made to the common unitholders of record on the applicable record date, generally within 60 days after the end of each quarter. Available cash for each quarter will be determined by the board of directors of the General Partner following the end of such quarter. Available cash for each quarter will generally equal Adjusted EBITDA reduced for cash needed for debt service and other contractual obligations and fixed charges and reserves for future operating or capital needs that the board of directors of the General Partner deems necessary or appropriate, if any.

## 8. EARNINGS PER UNIT

The net income per common unit on the consolidated statements of operations is based on the net income of the Partnership for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and for the period after the closing of the IPO on June 23, 2014 through June 30, 2014, since this is the amount of net income that is attributable to the Partnership's common units.

The Partnership's net income is allocated wholly to the common units as the General Partner does not have an economic interest. Payments made to the Partnership's unitholders are determined in relation to the cash distribution policy described in Note 7—Partners' Capital and Partnership Distributions.

Basic net income per common unit is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common units outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common unit gives effect, when applicable, to unvested common units granted under the LTIP.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	June 23, 2014 to June 30, 2014
	(In thousands, except pe	er unit amounts)
Net income attributable to period	\$8,045	\$941
Net income per common unit, basic	\$0.10	\$0.01
Net income per common unit, diluted	\$0.10	\$0.01
Weighted-average common units outstanding, basic	79,710	76,200
Weighted-average common units outstanding, diluted	79,710	76,200

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	June 23, 2014 to June 30, 2014
	(In thousands, except p	er unit amounts)
Net income attributable to period	\$13,127	\$941
Net income per common unit, basic	\$0.16	\$0.01
Net income per common unit, diluted	\$0.16	\$0.01
Weighted-average common units outstanding, basic	79,710	76,200
Weighted-average common units outstanding, diluted	79,710	76,200

## 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Partnership could be subject to various possible loss contingencies which arise primarily from interpretation of federal and state laws and regulations affecting the natural gas and crude oil industry. Such contingencies include differing interpretations as to the prices at which natural gas and crude oil sales may be made, the prices at which royalty owners may be paid for production from their leases, environmental issues and other matters. Management believes it has complied with the various laws and regulations, administrative rulings and interpretations.

## **10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 31, 2015, the board of directors of the General Partner approved a cash distribution for the second quarter of 2015 of \$0.22 per common unit, payable on August 21, 2015, to unitholders of record at the close of business on August 14, 2015.

On July 9, 2015, the Partnership completed the acquisition of an approximate average 1.5% overriding royalty interest in certain acreage primarily located in Howard County, Texas from Diamondback for \$31.1 million. This acquisition was partially

funded with borrowings under the Partnership's revolving credit facility discussed in Note 8 above. As of July 9, 2015, the Partnership had \$24.0 million outstanding under its revolving credit facility.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as well as our audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. The following discussion contains "forward-looking statements" that reflect our future plans, estimates, beliefs, and expected performance. Actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors. See "Part II. Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

#### Overview

We are a publicly traded Delaware limited partnership formed by Diamondback on February 27, 2014 to, among other things, own, acquire and exploit oil and natural gas properties in North America. The Partnership is currently focused on oil and natural gas properties in the Permian Basin. As of June 30, 2015, the general partner held a 100% non-economic general partner interest in us, and Diamondback had an approximate 88% limited partner interest in us. Diamondback also owns and controls the general partner.

We operate in one reportable segment engaged in the acquisition of oil and natural gas properties. Our assets consist primarily of producing oil and natural gas properties principally located in the Permian Basin of West Texas.

#### **Recent Developments**

On July 9, 2015, we completed the acquisition of an approximate average 1.5% overriding royalty interest in certain acreage primarily located in Howard County, Texas from Diamondback for \$31.1 million. This acquisition was partially funded with borrowings under our revolving credit facility. As of July 9, 2015, we had \$24.0 million outstanding under its revolving credit facility.

#### **Sources of Our Revenue**

Our revenues are derived from royalty payments we receive from our operators based on the sale of oil and natural gas production, as well as the sale of natural gas liquids that are extracted from natural gas during processing. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, our revenues were derived 93% from oil sales, 4% from natural gas liquid sales and 3% from natural gas sales and for the three months ended June 30, 2014, our revenues were derived 94% from oil sales, 6% from natural gas liquid sales and 3% from natural gas sales. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, our revenues were derived 94% from oil sales, 6% from natural gas liquid sales and 3% from natural gas sales. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, our revenues were derived 94% from oil sales, 6% from natural gas liquid sales and 3% from natural gas sales. As a result, our revenues are more sensitive to fluctuations in oil prices than they are to fluctuations in natural gas liquids or natural gas prices. Our revenues may vary significantly from period to period as a result of changes in volumes of production sold or changes in commodity prices. Oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas prices have historically been volatile. During 2014, West Texas Intermediate posted prices ranged from \$53.45 to \$107.95 per Bbl and the Henry Hub spot market price of natural gas ranged from \$2.74 to \$8.15 per MMBtu. On June 30, 2015, the West Texas Intermediate posted price for crude oil was \$59.47 per Bbl and the Henry Hub spot market price of natural gas was \$2.80 per MMBtu. Since June 2014, oil prices have declined from over \$105.00 per Bbl to a range of prices between \$45 per Bbl and \$60 per Bbl for the six months ended June 30, 2015 due in large part to increasing supplies and weakening demand growth. Lower prices may not only decrease our revenues, but also potentially the amount of oil and natural gas that our operators can produce economically. Lower oil and natural gas prices may also result in a reduction in the borrowing base under our credit agreemen

#### **Principal Components of Our Cost Structure**

#### **Production and Ad Valorem Taxes**

Production taxes are paid on produced oil and natural gas based on a percentage of revenues from products sold at fixed rates established by federal, state or local taxing authorities. Where available, we benefit from tax credits and exemptions in our various taxing jurisdictions. We are also subject to ad valorem taxes in the counties where our production is located. Ad valorem taxes are generally based on the valuation of our oil and gas properties.

#### General and Administrative

In connection with the closing of the IPO, our general partner and Diamondback entered into the first amended and restated agreement of limited partnership, dated June 23, 2014. The partnership agreement requires us to reimburse our general partner for all direct and indirect expenses incurred or paid on our behalf and all other expenses allocable to us or otherwise incurred by our general partner in connection with operating our business. The partnership agreement does not set a limit on the amount of expenses for which our general partner and its affiliates may be reimbursed. These expenses include salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to persons who perform services for us or on our behalf and expenses allocated to our general partner by its affiliates. Our general partner is entitled to determine the expenses that are allocable to us.

In connection with the closing of the IPO, we and our general partner entered into an advisory services agreement with Wexford, pursuant to which Wexford provides general financial and strategic advisory services to us and our general partner in exchange for a \$0.5 million annual fee and certain expense reimbursement.

Our predecessor incurred costs for overhead, including the cost of management, operating and administrative services provided under the shared services agreement with Diamondback E&P LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Diamondback, audit and other fees for professional services and legal compliance. In connection with the closing of the IPO, the shared services agreement with Diamondback E&P LLC was terminated.

#### Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization

Under the full cost accounting method, we capitalize costs within a cost center and then systematically expense those costs on a units of production basis based on proved oil and natural gas reserve quantities. We calculate depletion on all capitalized costs, other than the cost of investments in unproved

properties and major development projects for which proved reserves cannot yet be assigned, less accumulated amortization.

#### Income Tax Expense

We are organized as a pass-through entity for income tax purposes. As a result, our partners are responsible for federal income taxes on their share of our taxable income.

We are subject to the Texas margin tax. Any amounts related to operations for 2013 or for the period in 2014 prior to the closing of the IPO on June 23, 2014 will be included in Diamondback's unitary filing for this tax. Diamondback does not expect any Texas margin tax to be due for the three months and six months ended June 30 in each of 2015 or 2014.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Results Presented and Factors Affecting the Comparability of Our Results to the Historical Financial Results of Our Predecessor

Viper Energy Partners LP was formed on February 27, 2014 and did not own any assets prior to the contribution of the predecessor to us on June 17, 2014. The assets of our predecessor consisted of mineral interests in oil and natural gas properties in the Permian Basin, which were acquired on September 19, 2013. The contribution of our predecessor to us on June 17, 2014 was accounted for as a combination of entities under common control with assets and liabilities transferred at their carrying amounts in a manner similar to a pooling of interests. Therefore, the financial and operating data below represent our predecessor's operations for periods prior to June 17, 2014 and, for periods on and after June 17, 2014, the financial and operating data represent the combination of the predecessor and our operations.

Our results of operations and our future results of operations may not be comparable to the historical results of operations of our predecessor for the periods presented, primarily for the reasons described below:

#### Long-Term Debt

- In connection with the closing of the IPO, the subordinated note issued by our predecessor to Diamondback effective September 19, 2013 was converted to equity; therefore, we no longer have the note payable and related interest expense.
- On July 8, 2014, we entered into a secured revolving credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, or Wells Fargo, as the administrative agent, sole book runner and lead arranger. The credit agreement, as amended, provides for a revolving credit facility in the maximum amount of \$500.0 million, subject to scheduled semi-annual and other elective collateral borrowing base redeterminations based on our oil and natural gas reserves and other factors (the "borrowing base"). The borrowing base is scheduled to be redetermined semi-annually with effective dates of April 1st and October 1st. In addition, we may request up to three additional redeterminations of the borrowing base during any

12-month period. As of June 30, 2015, the borrowing base was set at \$175.0 million and we had no outstanding borrowings.

#### General and Administrative

- We anticipate incurring incremental general and administrative expenses of approximately \$2.5 million annually as a result of being a publicly traded partnership, consisting of expenses associated with SEC reporting requirements, including annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, Sarbanes-Oxley Act compliance, NASDAQ Global Select Market listing, independent auditor fees, legal fees, investor relations activities, registrar and transfer agent fees, director and officer insurance and director compensation.
- The partnership agreement requires us to reimburse the general partner for all direct and indirect expenses incurred or paid on our behalf and all other expenses allocable to us or otherwise incurred by our general partner in connection with operating our business. The partnership agreement does not set a limit on the amount of expenses for which our general partner and its affiliates may be reimbursed. These expenses include salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to persons who perform services for us or on our behalf and expenses allocated to our general partner by its affiliates. Our general partner is entitled to determine the expenses that are allocable to us. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, no expenses were allocated to us by the general partner for reimbursement.
- On June 17, 2014, under the Long Term Incentive Plan, or LTIP, adopted in connection with the IPO, we granted awards of an aggregate of 2,500,000 unit options under the LTIP to executive officers of the general partner. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, we incurred \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, of unit–based compensation.
- In connection with the closing of the IPO, we and our general partner entered into an advisory services agreement with Wexford pursuant to which Wexford provides general financial and strategic advisory services to us and our general partner in exchange for a \$0.5 million annual fee and certain expense reimbursement. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, we incurred costs of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, under the advisory services agreement.
- In connection with the closing of the IPO, we entered into a tax sharing agreement with Diamondback pursuant to which we are required to reimburse Diamondback for our share of state and local income and other taxes for which our results are included in a combined or consolidated tax return filed by Diamondback with respect to taxable periods including or beginning on June 23, 2014. The amount of any such reimbursement is limited to the tax we would have paid had we not been included in a combined group with Diamondback. Diamondback may use its tax attributes to cause its combined or consolidated group, of which we may be a member for this purpose, to owe less or no tax. In such a situation, we would reimburse Diamondback for the tax we would have owed had the tax attributes not been available or used for our benefit, even though Diamondback had no cash tax expense for that period.

The following table summarizes our revenue and expenses and production data for the periods indicated.

	 Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015		2014	2015		2014
	 (u	naudite	d, in thousands,	, except production	data)	
Operating Results:						
Royalty income	\$ 19,619	\$	17,249 \$	36,164	\$	33,102
Costs and expenses:					_	
Production and ad valorem taxes	1,417		1,392	2,745		2,313
Depletion	8,949		6,064	17,850		11,631
General and administrative expenses	1,168		219	2,595		285
General and administrative expenses—related party	139		78	264		156
Total costs and expenses	11,673		7,753	23,454		14,385
Income from operations	7,946		9,496	12,710		18,717
Other income (expense)						
Interest expense	(207)		_	(375)		
Interest expense—related party, net of capitalized interest	_		(5,387)	_		(10,755
Other income	306			792		_
Total other income (expense), net	 99		(5,387)	417		(10,755
Net income	\$ 8,045	\$	4,109 \$	13,127	\$	7,962

## Production Data:

Oil (Bbls)	342,869	164,957	694,236	319,704
Natural gas (Mcf)	239,470	134,301	459,122	239,032
Natural gas liquids (Bbls)	56,956	33,632	104,956	56,803
Combined volumes (BOE)	439,737	220,972	875,712	416,346
Daily combined volumes (BOE/d)	4,832	2,428	4,838	2,300
% Oil	78%	75%	79%	77%

#### Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### **Royalty Income**

Our royalty income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$19.6 million and \$17.2 million, respectively.

Our revenues are a function of oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas production volumes sold and average prices received for those volumes. Our operators received an average of \$53.40 per Bbl of oil, \$13.99 per Bbl of natural gas liquids and \$2.15 per Mcf of natural gas for the volumes sold for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Our operators received an average of \$95.23 per Bbl of oil, \$28.22 per Bbl of natural gas liquids and \$4.40 per Mcf of natural gas for the volumes sold for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

The general and administrative expenses primarily reflect unit-based compensation, the amounts reimbursed to our general partner under our partnership agreement and amounts incurred under our advisory services agreement. For the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, we incurred general and administrative expenses of \$1.3 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

#### Net Interest Expense

The net interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 reflects the interest incurred under our credit agreement. The net interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014 primarily relates to interest incurred under the

subordinate note of the predecessor. Net interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$0.2 million and \$5.4 million, respectively.

#### Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### **Royalty Income**

Our royalty income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$36.2 million and \$33.1 million, respectively.

Our revenues are a function of oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas production volumes sold and average prices received for those volumes. Our operators received an average of \$48.75 per Bbl of oil, \$11.81 per Bbl of natural gas liquids and \$2.36 per Mcf of natural gas for the volumes sold for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Our operators received an average of \$94.52 per Bbl of oil, \$31.51 per Bbl of natural gas liquids and \$4.58 per Mcf of natural gas for the volumes sold for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

The general and administrative expenses primarily reflect unit-based compensation, the amounts reimbursed to our general partner under our partnership agreement and amounts incurred under our advisory services agreement. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, we incurred general and administrative expenses of \$2.9 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

#### Net Interest Expense

The net interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 reflects the interest incurred under our credit agreement. The net interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily relates to interest incurred under the subordinate note of the Predecessor. Net interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$0.4 million and \$10.8 million, respectively.

#### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is used as a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure by management and external users of our financial statements, such as industry analysts, investors, lenders and rating agencies. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful because it allows us to more effectively evaluate our operating performance and compare the results of our operations period to period without regard to our financing methods or capital structure. In addition, management uses Adjusted EBITDA to evaluate cash flow available to pay distributions to our unitholders.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) plus interest expense, net of capitalized interest, non-cash unit-based compensation and depletion expense. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of the income (loss) as determined by GAAP. We exclude the items listed above from net income (loss) in arriving at Adjusted EBITDA because these amounts can vary substantially from company to company within our industry depending upon accounting methods and book values of assets, capital structures and the method by which the assets were acquired. Certain items excluded from Adjusted EBITDA are significant components in understanding and assessing a company's financial performance, such as a company's cost of capital and tax structure, as well as historic costs of depreciable assets, none of which are components of Adjusted EBITDA.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to net income, royalty income, cash flow from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. Our computations of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

The following table presents a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, our most directly comparable GAAP financial measure for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015		2014		2015			2014
				(In thousa	ıds)			
Net Income	\$	8,045	\$	4,109	\$	13,127	\$	7,962
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest		207		5,387		375		10,755
Non-cash unit-based compensation expense		939		128		1,878		128
Depletion		8,949		6,064		17,850		11,631
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	18,140	\$	15,688	\$	33,230	\$	30,476

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

## Overview

Our primary sources of liquidity have been cash flows from operations and equity and debt financings, including borrowings under our credit agreement, and our primary uses of cash will be for paying distributions to our unitholders and for replacement and growth capital expenditures, including the acquisition, development and exploration of oil and natural gas properties. Our ability to generate cash is subject to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control, including weather, commodity prices, and general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors.

Our partnership agreement does not require us to distribute any of the cash we generate from operations. We believe, however, that it will be in the best interests of our unitholders if we distribute a substantial portion of the cash we generate from operations. The board of directors of our general partner has adopted a policy to distribute an amount equal to the available cash we generate each quarter to our unitholders. On February 5, 2015, the board of directors of the General Partner approved a cash distribution attributable to the fourth quarter of 2014 of \$0.25 per common unit, which was paid on February 27, 2015. This distribution included a total of \$17.6 million distributed to Diamondback. On May 1, 2015, the board of directors of the general partner approved a cash distribution attributable to the first quarter of 2015 of \$0.19 per common unit, which was paid on May 22, 2015. This distribution included a total of \$13.4 million distributed to Diamondback. Cash distributions will be made to the common unitholders of record on the applicable record date, generally within 60 days after the end of each quarter. Available cash for each quarter will be determined by the board of directors of our general partner following the end of such quarter. Available cash for each quarter will generally equal Adjusted EBITDA reduced for cash needed for debt service and other contractual obligations and fixed charges and reserves for future operating or capital needs that the board of directors of our general partner deems necessary or appropriate, if any.

#### **Our Credit Agreement**

On July 8, 2014, we entered into a \$500.0 million secured revolving credit agreement with Wells Fargo as the administrative agent, sole book runner and lead arranger. The credit agreement, which was amended August 15, 2014 to add additional lenders to the lending group, matures on July 8, 2019. The credit agreement was further amended on May 22, 2015 to, among other things, increase the borrowing base from \$110.0 million to \$175.0 million and to provide for certain restrictions on purchasing margin stock. As of June 30, 2015, the borrowing base remained at \$175.0 million and we had no outstanding borrowings. On July 9, 2015, we borrowed \$24.0 million to fund a portion of the purchase price for certain overriding royalty interests. See"—Recent Developments."

The outstanding borrowings under the credit agreement bear interest at a rate elected by us that is equal to an alternative base rate (which is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the Federal Funds effective rate plus 0.5% and 3-month LIBOR plus 1.0%) or LIBOR, in each case plus the applicable margin. The applicable margin ranges from 0.5% to 1.50% in the case of the alternative base rate and from 1.50% to 2.50% in the case of LIBOR, in each case depending on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base. We are obligated to pay a quarterly commitment fee ranging from 0.375% to 0.500% per year on the unused portion of the borrowing base, which fee is also dependent on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base. Loan principal may be optionally repaid from time to time without premium or penalty (other than customary LIBOR breakage), and is required to be paid (a) if the loan amount exceeds the borrowing base, whether due to a borrowing base redetermination or otherwise (in some cases subject to a cure period) and (b) at the maturity date of July 8, 2019. The loan is secured by substantially all of our and our subsidiaries' assets.

The credit agreement contains various affirmative, negative and financial maintenance covenants. These covenants, among other things, limit additional indebtedness, purchases of margin stock, additional liens, sales of assets, mergers and consolidations, dividends and distributions, transactions with affiliates and entering into certain swap agreements and require the maintenance of the financial ratios described below.

Financial Covenant	<b>Required Ratio</b>
Ratio of total debt to EBITDAX	Not greater than 4.0 to 1.0
Ratio of current assets to liabilities, as defined in the credit agreement	Not less than 1.0 to 1.0
EBITDAX is annualized for the four fiscal guarters ending on the last day of the fiscal guarter for which f	inancial statements are available.

EBITDAX is annualized for the four fiscal quarters ending on the last day of the fiscal quarter for which financial statements are available beginning with the quarter ended September 30, 2014.

The covenant prohibiting additional indebtedness allows for the issuance of unsecured debt of up to \$250.0 million in the form of senior unsecured notes and, in connection with any such issuance, the reduction of the borrowing base by 25% of the stated principal amount of each such issuance. A borrowing base reduction in connection with such issuance may require a portion of the outstanding principal of the loan to be repaid.

The lenders may accelerate all of the indebtedness under our credit agreement upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any event of default. The credit agreement contains customary events of default, including non-payment, breach of covenants, materially incorrect representations, cross-default, bankruptcy and change of control. There are no cure periods for events of default due to non-payment of principal and breaches of negative and financial covenants, but non-payment of interest and breaches of certain affirmative covenants are subject to customary cure periods.

#### Cash Flows

The following table presents our cash flows for the period indicated.

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2015		2014	
		(in tho	usands)		
Cash Flow Data:					
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	30,173	\$		14,064
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		77			(5,275)
Cash flows used in financing activities		(35,372)			(2,522)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$	(5,122)	\$		6,267

#### **Operating Activities**

Our operating cash flow is sensitive to many variables, the most significant of which is the volatility of prices for oil and natural gas. Prices for these commodities are determined primarily by prevailing market conditions. Regional and worldwide economic activity, weather and other substantially variable factors influence market conditions for these products. These factors are beyond our control and are difficult to predict.

#### Investing Activities

We used cash for investing activities of \$5.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014 related to capitalized interest on the subordinated note used to purchase mineral interests.

#### Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities of \$35.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 primarily relates to our distribution to our unitholders in February and May 2015. We used cash for financing activities of \$2.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily for interest payments on the subordinated note. In connection with the closing of the IPO, we agreed to distribute to Diamondback all cash and cash equivalents and the royalty income receivable on hand in the aggregate amount of approximately \$11.3 million and the net proceeds from the IPO. As of June 30, 2014, we had distributed \$137.5 million to Diamondback.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

There were no material changes in our contractual obligations and other commitments, as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies from those disclosed in the our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We currently have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to market risk, including the effects of adverse changes in commodity prices and interest rates as described below. The primary objective of the following information is to provide quantitative and qualitative information about our potential exposure to market risks. The term "market risk" refers to the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in

oil and natural gas prices and interest rates. The disclosures are not meant to be precise indicators of expected future losses, but rather indicators of reasonably possible losses.

#### **Commodity Price Risk**

Our major market risk exposure is in the pricing applicable to the oil and natural gas production of our operators. Realized pricing is primarily driven by the prevailing worldwide price for crude oil and spot market prices applicable to our natural gas production. Pricing for oil and natural gas production has been volatile and unpredictable, particularly during the past year, and we expect this volatility to continue in the future. The prices that our operators receive for production depend on many factors outside of our or their control.

#### **Credit Risk**

We are subject to risk resulting from the concentration of royalty interest revenues in producing oil and natural gas properties and receivables with several significant purchasers. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, two purchasers accounted for more than 10% of royalty interest revenue: Shell Trading (US) Company (71%) and RSP Permian LLC (23%). For the six months ended June 30, 2014, two purchasers accounted for more than 10% of royalty interest revenue: Shell Trading (US) Company (70%) and Permian Transport and Trading (12%). We do not require collateral and do not believe the loss of any single purchaser would materially impact our operating results, as crude oil and natural gas are fungible products with well-established markets and numerous purchasers.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

We are subject to market risk exposure related to changes in interest rates on our indebtedness under our credit agreement. The terms of our credit agreement provide for interest on borrowings at a floating rate equal to an alternative base rate (which is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the Federal Funds effective rate plus 0.5% and 3-month LIBOR plus 1.0%) or LIBOR, in each case plus the applicable margin. The applicable margin ranges from 0.5% to 1.50% in the case of the alternative base rate and from 1.50% to 2.50% in the case of LIBOR, in each case depending on the amount of the loan outstanding in relation to the borrowing base. We entered into this credit agreement on July 8, 2014, and as of June 30, 2015, we had no outstanding borrowings. On July 9, 2015, we borrowed \$24.0 million under our credit agreement. An increase or decrease of 1% in the interest rate on this outstanding in the aggregate under our credit agreement on July 9, 2015.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

*Evaluation of Disclosure Control and Procedures.* Under the direction of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of our general partner, we have established disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. The disclosure controls and procedures are also intended to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of our general partner, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

As of June 30, 2015, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of our general partner, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act. Based upon the evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of our general partner have concluded that as of June 30, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

*Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal controls over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Due to the nature of our business, we are, from time to time, involved in routine litigation or subject to disputes or claims related to our business activities. In the opinion of our management, none of the pending litigation, disputes or claims against us, if decided adversely, will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our business faces many risks. Any of the risks discussed in this Form 10-Q and our other SEC filings could have a material impact on our business, financial position or results of operations. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial may also impair our business operations.

In addition to the information set forth in this Form 10–Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and in subsequent filings we make with the SEC. There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those described in our Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

## Exhibit Number Description

3.1	Certificate of Limited Partnership of Viper Energy Partners LP (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Partnership's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-195769) filed on May 7, 2014).
3.2	First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Viper Energy Partners LP (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-36505) filed on June 23, 2014).
4.1	Registration Rights Agreement, dated June 23, 2014, by and among Viper Energy Partners LP and Diamondback Energy, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-36505) filed on June 23, 2014).
10.1*	First Amendment, dated as of August 15, 2014, to Credit Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2014, among Viper Energy Partners LP, as borrower, the guarantors party thereto, Wells Fargo, National Association, as administrative agent, and certain lenders party thereto.
10.2*	Second Amendment, dated as of May 22, 2015, to Credit Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2014, among Viper Energy Partners LP, as borrower, the guarantors party thereto, Wells Fargo, National Association, as administrative agent, and certain lenders party thereto.
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1++	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.

- 101.PRE\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
  - \* Filed herewith.
  - ++ The certifications attached as Exhibit 32.1 accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed "filed" by the Registrant for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Quarterly Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LP

- By: VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS GP LLC its General Partner
- By: /s/ Travis D. Stice Travis D. Stice Chief Executive Officer
- By: /s/ Teresa L. Dick Teresa L. Dick Chief Financial Officer

25

Date: August 10, 2015

Date: August 10, 2015

First Amendment

То

Credit Agreement

Dated as of August 15, 2014

Among

Viper Energy Partners LP,

As Borrower,

The Guarantors,

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association,

As Administrative Agent,

And

The Lenders Party Hereto

Sole Book runner And Sole Lead Arranger

## FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "<u>First Amendment</u>") dated as of August 15, 2014, is among: VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LP., a Delaware limited partnership (the "<u>Borrower</u>"); each of the undersigned guarantors (collectively, the "<u>Guarantors</u>"); each of the lenders party to the Credit Agreement referred to below (collectively, the "<u>Lenders</u>"); and WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION ("<u>Wells</u>"), as administrative agent for the Lenders (in such capacity, together with its successors in such capacity, the "<u>Administrative Agent</u>").

## RECITALS

A. The Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders are parties to that certain Credit Agreement dated as of July 8, 2014 (as amended, modified or supplemented, the "<u>Credit Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which the Lenders have made certain credit available to and on behalf of the Borrower.

B. The Borrower has requested, and all of the Lenders have agreed, to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement as set forth herein.

C. Now, therefore, to induce the Administrative Agent and the Lenders to enter into this First Amendment and in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants herein contained, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Defined Terms.</u> Each capitalized term used herein but not otherwise defined herein has the meaning given such term in the Credit Agreement, as amended by this First Amendment. Unless otherwise indicated, all section references in this First Amendment refer to sections of the Credit Agreement.

Section 2. <u>Amendments to Credit Agreement.</u>

2.1. <u>Amendments to Section 1.02</u>. Section 1.02 is hereby amended by replacing or adding the following definitions, as applicable, with the following:

"'<u>Agreement</u>' means this Credit Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment dated as of August 15, 2014, as the same may be further amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

'<u>Majority Lenders</u>' means, at any time while no Loans or LC Exposure is outstanding, if there are only two Lenders, two Lenders, and if there are more than two, three or more Lenders, in each instance having more than fifty percent (50%) of the Aggregate Maximum Credit Amounts; and at any time while any Loans or LC Exposure is outstanding, if there are only two Lenders, two Lenders, and if there are more than two, three or more Lenders, in each instance holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the Loans and participation interests in Letters of Credit (without regard to any sale by a Lender of a participation in any Loan under Section 12.04(c)); provided that the Maximum Credit Amounts and the principal amount of the Loans and participation interests in Letters of Credit of the

Defaulting Lenders (if any) shall be excluded from the determination of Majority Lenders.

'<u>Required Lenders</u>' means, at any time while no Loans or LC Exposure is outstanding, if there are only two Lenders, two Lenders, and if there are more than two, three or more Lenders, in each instance having at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the Aggregate Maximum Credit Amounts; and at any time while any Loans or LC Exposure is outstanding, if there are only two Lenders, two Lenders, and if there are more than two, three or more Lenders, in each instance holding at least sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the Loans and participation interests in Letters of Credit (without regard to any sale by a Lender of a participation in any Loan under Section 12.04(c)); provided that the Maximum Credit Amounts and the principal amount of the Loans and participation interests in Letters of Credit of the Defaulting Lenders (if any) shall be excluded from the determination of Required Lenders."

## Section 3. <u>Assignments and Reallocations of Maximum Credit Amounts and Loans</u>.

The Lenders have agreed among themselves, in consultation with the Borrower, to reallocate their respective Maximum Credit Amounts and to, among other things, allow Compass Bank, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, NY Branch, Comerica Bank and PNC Bank, National Association to become parties to the Credit Agreement as Lenders, (the "<u>New Lenders</u>") by acquiring interests in the Aggregate Maximum Credit Amount. The Administrative Agent and the Borrower hereby consent to such reallocation and the New Lenders' acquisition of interests in the Aggregate Maximum Credit Amount. The Adgregate Maximum Credit Amount and the other Lenders' assignments of their Maximum Credit Amounts. On the First Amendment Effective Date and after giving effect to such reallocations, the Maximum Credit Amount of each Lender shall be as set forth on Annex I of this First Amendment which Annex I supersedes and replaces the Annex I to the Credit Agreement. With respect to such reallocation, the New Lenders shall be deemed to have acquired the Maximum Credit Amount allocated to them from each of the other Lenders pursuant to the terms of the Assignment and Assumption Agreement attached as Exhibit F to the Credit Agreement as if the New Lenders and the other Lenders had executed an Assignment and Assumption Agreement with respect to such allocation.

Section 4. <u>Conditions Precedent. This First Amendment shall become effective on the date (such date,</u> the "First Amendment Effective Date"), when each of the following conditions is satisfied (or waived in accordance with Section 12.02):

4.1. The Administrative Agent shall have received from all of the Lenders, the Guarantors and the Borrower, counterparts (in such number as may be requested by the Administrative Agent) of this First Amendment signed on behalf of such Person.

4.2. The Administrative Agent shall have received duly executed Notes for each Lender that requests a Note or new Note from the Borrower.

4.3. The Administrative Agent and the Lenders shall have received all fees and other amounts due and payable on or prior to the date hereof, including, to the extent invoiced, reimbursement or payment of all documented out-of-pocket expenses required to be reimbursed or paid by the Borrower under the Credit Agreement.

4.4. No Default shall have occurred and be continuing as of the date hereof, after giving effect to the terms of this First Amendment.

The Administrative Agent is hereby authorized and directed to declare this First Amendment to be effective when it has received documents confirming or certifying, to the satisfaction of the Administrative Agent, compliance with the conditions set forth in this Section 4 or the waiver of such conditions as permitted in Section 12.02. Such declaration shall be final, conclusive and binding upon all parties to the Credit Agreement for all purposes.

Section 5. <u>Miscellaneous.</u>

5.1. <u>Confirmation</u>. The provisions of the Credit Agreement, as amended by this First Amendment, shall remain in full force and effect following the effectiveness of this First Amendment.

5.2. <u>Ratification and Affirmation; Representations and Warranties</u>. Each of the Guarantors and the Borrower hereby (a) ratifies and affirms its obligations under, and acknowledges its continued liability under, each Loan Document to which it is a party and agrees that each Loan Document to which it is a party remains in full force and effect as expressly amended hereby and (b) represents and warrants to the Lenders that as of the date hereof, after giving effect to the terms of this First Amendment:

i. all of the representations and warranties contained in each Loan Document to which it is a party are true and correct, except to the extent any such representations and warranties are expressly limited to an earlier date, in which case, such representations and warranties shall continue to be true and correct as of such specified earlier date,

ii. no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, and

iii. no event or events have occurred which individually or in the aggregate could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.3. <u>Counterparts</u>. This First Amendment may be executed by one or more of the parties hereto in any number of separate counterparts, and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of this First Amendment by facsimile or electronic transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart hereof.

## 5.4. <u>NO ORAL AGREEMENT</u>. THIS FIRST AMENDMENT, THE CREDIT AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS EXECUTED IN CONNECTION HEREWITH AND THEREWITH REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR SUBSEQUENT UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

5.5. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS FIRST AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

5.6. <u>Payment of Expenses</u>. In accordance with Section 12.03, the Borrower agrees to pay or reimburse the Administrative Agent for all of its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with this First Amendment, any other documents prepared in connection herewith and the transactions

contemplated hereby, including, without limitation, the reasonable fees, charges and disbursements of counsel to the Administrative Agent.

5.7. <u>Severability</u>. Any provision of this First Amendment that is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof, and any such prohibition or unenforceability in any jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable such provision in any other jurisdiction.

5.8. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This First Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

5.9. <u>Loan Document</u>. This First Amendment is a Loan Document.

[SIGNATURES BEGIN NEXT PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this First Amendment to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LP, as Borrower By:Viper Energy Partners GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Teresa L. Dick</u> Name:Teresa L. Dick Title:Chief Financial Officer

VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LLC, as a Guarantor

By: <u>/s/ Teresa L. Dick</u> Name:Teresa L. Dick Title:Chief Financial Officer

# WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent and a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Patrick J. Fults</u>

Name:Patrick J. Fults Title:Vice President COMPASS BANK, as a Lender By: <u>/s/ Umar</u> <u>Hassan</u> Name: Umar Hassan Title: Vice President CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE,NEW YORK BRANCH, as a Lender By: <u>/s/ William M.</u> <u>Reid</u> Name: William M. Reid Title: Authorized Signatory

By: <u>/s/ Richard Antl</u> Name: Richard Antl Title: Authorized Signatory COMERICA BANK, as a Lender By: <u>/s/ Brandon M.</u> <u>White</u> Name: Brandon M. White Title: Assistant Vice President PNC BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender By: <u>/s/ John</u> <u>Berry</u> Name: John Berry Title: Vice President

## ANNEX I

# LIST OF MAXIMUM CREDIT AMOUNTS

Name of Lender	Applicable Percentage	Maximum Credit Amount
Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	36.36%	\$40,000,000.00
Compass Bank	15.91%	\$17,500,000.00
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, NY Branch	15.91%	\$17,500,000.00
Comerica Bank	15.91%	\$17,500,000.00
PNC Bank, National Association	15.91%	\$17,500,000.00
Aggregate Maximum Credit Amount	100.00%	\$110,000,000.00

Second Amendment

То

Credit Agreement

Dated as of May 22, 2015

Among

Viper Energy Partners LP,

As Borrower,

The Guarantors,

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association,

As Administrative Agent,

And

The Lenders Party Hereto

Sole Book runner And Sole Lead Arranger

Wells Fargo Securities, LLC

#### SECOND AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SECOND AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Second Amendment</u>") dated as of May 22, 2015, is among: VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LP., a Delaware limited partnership (the "<u>Borrower</u>"); each of the undersigned guarantors (collectively, the "<u>Guarantors</u>"); each of the lenders party to the Credit Agreement referred to below (collectively, the "<u>Lenders</u>"); and WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION ("<u>Wells</u>"), as administrative agent for the Lenders (in such capacity, together with its successors in such capacity, the "<u>Administrative Agent</u>").

### RECITALS

A. The Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders are parties to that certain Credit Agreement dated as of July 8, 2014, as amended by that certain First Amendment dated as of August 15, 2014 (as further amended, modified or supplemented, the "<u>Credit Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which the Lenders have made certain credit available to and on behalf of the Borrower.

B. The Borrower has requested, and all of the Lenders have agreed, to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement as set forth herein.

C. Now, therefore, to induce the Administrative Agent and the Lenders to enter into this Second Amendment and in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants herein contained, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Defined Terms.

. Each capitalized term used herein but not otherwise defined herein has the meaning given such term in the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Second Amendment. Unless otherwise indicated, all section references in this Second Amendment refer to sections of the Credit Agreement.

Section 2. <u>Amendments to Credit Agreement</u>.

2.1. <u>Amendments to Section 1.02</u>. Section 1.02 is hereby amended by replacing the definition of "Agreement" with the following:

"<u>Agreement</u>" means this Credit Agreement, as amended by the First Amendment dated as of August 15, 2014 and that certain Second Amendment dated as of May 22, 2015, as the same may be further amended, modified or supplemented from time to time."

2.2. <u>Amendment to Section 2.07(b)</u>. Section 2.07(b) is hereby amended by replacing the terms "April 1st" and "October 1st" with the terms "May 1st" and "November 1st", respectively.

2.3. <u>Amendment to Section 2.07(c)(ii)(A)</u>. Section 2.07(c)(ii)(A) is hereby amended by replacing the terms "March 15th" and "September 15th" with the terms "April 15th" and "October 15th", respectively.

2.4. <u>Amendment to Section 2.07(d)(i)</u>. Section 2.07(d)(i) is hereby amended by replacing the terms "April 1st" and "October 1st" with the terms "May 1st" and "November 1st", respectively.

2.5. <u>Amendment to Section 8.01(c)</u>. Section 8.01(c) is hereby amended by deleting such Section in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

"(c) <u>Certificate of Financial Officer -- Compliance</u>. Concurrently with any delivery of financial statements under Section 8.01(a) or Section 8.01(b), a certificate of a Financial Officer in substantially the form of Exhibit D hereto (i) certifying as to whether a Default has occurred and, if a Default has occurred, specifying the details thereof and any action taken or proposed to be taken with respect thereto, (ii) setting forth reasonably detailed calculations demonstrating compliance with Section 9.01, (iii) stating whether any change in GAAP or in the application thereof has occurred since the date of the audited financial statements referred to in Section 7.04 and, if any such change has occurred, specifying the effect of such change on the financial statements accompanying such certificate and (iv) setting forth the value (as such term is defined in Section 12.18(c)) of all margin stock held by the Loan Parties and the percentage of the value of all assets of the Loan Parties directly or indirectly securing the Loans and other extensions of credit provided for under this Agreement that such margin stock represents."

2.6. <u>Amendment to Section 8.12(a)</u>. Section 8.12(a) is hereby amended by replacing the terms "March 1st" and "September 1st" with the terms "March 31st" and "September 30th", respectively.

2.7. <u>Amendment to Section 12.18(c)</u>. Section 12.18(c) is hereby amended by deleting such Section in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

"(c) At any time during which the Borrower directly or indirectly through the other Loan Parties holds margin stock with an aggregate value equal to or greater than 20% of the value of all assets of the Loan Parties directly or indirectly securing the Loans and other extensions of credit provided for under this Agreement, the Borrower shall, prior to each purchase by it or any other Loan Party of margin stock thereafter, deliver to the Administrative Agent an officer's certificate certifying as to the value of all margin stock and the value of all other assets of the Loan Parties. The Borrower covenants and agrees that it will not, and will not permit any other Loan Party to, purchase margin stock if, after giving effect to such purchase, the value of all margin stock held by the Loan Parties would be equal to or greater than 25% of the value of all assets of the Loan Parties directly or indirectly securing the Loans and other extensions of credit provided for under this Agreement. For purposes of this Section 12.18(c) and Section 6.02(e) and Section 8.01(c) above, "value" means value determined by a reasonable method within the meaning of clause (2)(i) of the definition of the term "indirectly secured" in Regulation U."

2.8. <u>Amendment to Exhibit D</u>. Exhibit D is hereby amended by deleting such Exhibit in its entirety and replacing it with Exhibit D attached hereto.

Section 3. <u>Borrowing Base</u>. From and after the Second Amendment Effective Date until the next redetermination, the Borrowing Base shall be \$175,000,000. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Borrowing Base may be subject to further adjustments from time to time pursuant to Section 2.07(e), Section 2.07(f), Section 8.13(c), Section 9.05(m)(ii), or Section 9.12(d). Each of the Borrower, on the one hand, and the Administrative Agent and the Lenders, on the other hand, agree that the redetermination of the Borrowing Base pursuant to this Section 3 shall constitute a Scheduled Redetermination. This Section 3 constitutes the New Borrowing Base Notice in accordance with Section 2.07(d) of the Credit Agreement.

Section 4. <u>Assignments and Reallocations</u>. The Lenders have agreed among themselves, in consultation with the Borrower, to reallocate their respective Maximum Credit Amounts. The Administrative Agent and the Borrower hereby consent to such reallocations and assignments of the Maximum Credit Amounts. On the Second Amendment Effective Date and after giving effect to such reallocations, the Maximum Credit Amount of each Lender shall be as set forth on Annex I of this Second Amendment, which Annex I supersedes and replaces the Annex I to the Credit Agreement. With respect to such reallocation, the Lenders shall be deemed to have acquired the Maximum Credit Amount allocated to them from each of the other Lenders pursuant to the terms of the Assignment and Assumption Agreement attached as Exhibit F to the Credit Agreement as if the Lenders had executed an Assignment and Assumption Agreement with respect to such allocation.

Section 5. <u>Conditions Precedent</u>. This Second Amendment shall become effective on the date (such date, the "<u>Second Amendment Effective Date</u>"), when each of the following conditions is satisfied (or waived in accordance with Section 12.02):

5.1. The Administrative Agent shall have received from all of the Lenders, the Guarantors and the Borrower, counterparts (in such number as may be requested by the Administrative Agent) of this Second Amendment signed on behalf of such Person.

5.2. The Administrative Agent and the Lenders shall have received all fees and other amounts due and payable on or prior to the date hereof, including, to the extent invoiced, reimbursement or payment of all documented out-of-pocket expenses required to be reimbursed or paid by the Borrower under the Credit Agreement.

5.3. The Administrative Agent shall have received an executed Note for each Lender that requests one for the amount of such Lender's Maximum Credit Amount set forth on Annex I.

5.4. No Default shall have occurred and be continuing as of the date hereof, after giving effect to the terms of this Second Amendment.

The Administrative Agent is hereby authorized and directed to declare this Second Amendment to be effective when it has received documents confirming or certifying, to the satisfaction of the Administrative Agent, compliance with the conditions set forth in this Section 5 or the waiver of such conditions as permitted in Section 12.02. Such declaration shall be final, conclusive and binding upon all parties to the Credit Agreement for all purposes.

Section 6. <u>Miscellaneous</u>.

6.1. <u>Confirmation</u>. The provisions of the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Second Amendment, shall remain in full force and effect following the effectiveness of this Second Amendment.

6.2. <u>Ratification and Affirmation; Representations and Warranties</u>. Each of the Guarantors and the Borrower hereby (a) ratifies and affirms its obligations under, and acknowledges its continued liability under, each Loan Document to which it is a party and agrees that each Loan Document to which it is a party remains in full force and effect as expressly amended hereby and (b) represents and warrants to the Lenders that as of the date hereof, after giving effect to the terms of this Second Amendment:

i. all of the representations and warranties contained in each Loan Document to which it is a party are true and correct, except to the extent any such representations and

warranties are expressly limited to an earlier date, in which case, such representations and warranties shall continue to be true and correct as of such specified earlier date,

ii. no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, and

iii. no event or events have occurred which individually or in the aggregate could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

6.3. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Second Amendment may be executed by one or more of the parties hereto in any number of separate counterparts, and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of this Second Amendment by facsimile or electronic transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart hereof.

## 6.4. <u>NO ORAL AGREEMENT</u>. THIS SECOND AMENDMENT, THE CREDIT AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS EXECUTED IN CONNECTION HEREWITH AND THEREWITH REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR SUBSEQUENT UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

6.5. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS SECOND AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

6.6. <u>Payment of Expenses</u>. In accordance with Section 12.03, the Borrower agrees to pay or reimburse the Administrative Agent for all of its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with this Second Amendment, any other documents prepared in connection herewith and the transactions contemplated hereby, including, without limitation, the reasonable fees, charges and disbursements of counsel to the Administrative Agent.

6.7. <u>Severability</u>. Any provision of this Second Amendment that is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof, and any such prohibition or unenforceability in any jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable such provision in any other jurisdiction.

6.8. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Second Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

6.9. <u>Loan Document</u>. This Second Amendment is a Loan Document.

[SIGNATURES BEGIN NEXT PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Second Amendment to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LP, as Borrower By:Viper Energy Partners GP LLC, its general partner

By: <u>/s/ Teresa L. Dick</u> Name:Teresa L. Dick Title:Chief Financial Officer

VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LLC, as a Guarantor

By: <u>/s/ Teresa L. Dick</u> Name:Teresa L. Dick Title:Chief Financial Officer WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Administrative Agent and a Lender By: /s/ Patrick J. Fults Name:Patrick J. Fults Title:Vice President COMPASS BANK, as a Lender By: /s/ Kathleen J. Bowen Name: Kathleen J. Bowen Title: Managing Director

# CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE, NEW YORK BRANCH, as a Lender By: /s/ Trudy Nelson Name: Trudy Nelson Title: Authorized Signatory

By: /s/ William M. Reid Name: William M. Reid Title: Authorized Signatory COMERICA BANK, as a Lender By: /s/ Brandon M. White Name: Brandon M. White Title: Vice President PNC BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender By: /s/ Sandra Aultman Name: Sandra Aultman Title: Managing Director

#### EXHIBIT D

#### FORM OF

### **COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE**

#### [\_\_\_\_\_], 201[\_]

The undersigned hereby certifies that he/she is the [] of Viper Energy Partners GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which is the sole general partner of Viper Energy Partners LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "<u>Borrower</u>"), and that as such he/she is authorized to execute this certificate on behalf of the Borrower. With reference to the Credit Agreement dated as of July 8, 2014 (together with all amendments, restatements, supplements or other modifications thereto being the "<u>Agreement</u>") the Borrower, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the other agents and lenders (the "<u>Lenders</u>") which are or become a party thereto, the undersigned represents and warrants as follows (each capitalized term used herein having the same meaning given to it in the Agreement unless otherwise specified):

(a) The representations and warranties of the Borrower contained in Article VII of the Agreement and in the other Loan Documents and otherwise made in writing by or on behalf of the Borrower pursuant to the Agreement and the other Loan Documents were true and correct when made, and are repeated at and as of the time of delivery hereof and are true and correct in all material respects at and as of the time of delivery hereof, except to the extent such representations and warranties are expressly limited to an earlier date or the Majority Lenders have expressly consented in writing to the contrary.

(b) The Borrower has performed and complied with all agreements and conditions contained in the Agreement and in the other Loan Documents required to be performed or complied with by it prior to or at the time of delivery hereof [or specify default and describe].

(c) Since [*date of last audited financials*], no change has occurred in the condition, financial or otherwise, of the Borrower or any Restricted Subsidiary which could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect [or specify event].

(d) There exists no Default or Event of Default [or specify Default and describe].

(e) [Omit from the Compliance Certificate delivered on the Effective Date:] Attached hereto are the detailed computations necessary to determine whether the Borrower is in compliance with Section 9.01 as of the end of the [fiscal quarter] [fiscal year] ending [].

(f) The value (as such term is defined in Section 12.18(c)) of all margin stock held by the Loan Parties as of the date set forth above is  $[___]$  and the percentage of the value of all assets of the Loan Parties directly or indirectly securing the Loans and other extensions of credit provided for under this Agreement that such margin stock represents is  $[__]%$ .

EXECUTED AND DELIVERED as of the date first written above.

# VIPER ENERGY PARTNERS LP

By: Viper Energy Partners GP LLC, its general partner By: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Name: Title:

# ANNEX I

## LIST OF MAXIMUM CREDIT AMOUNTS

Name of Lender	Applicable Percentage	Maximum Credit Amount
Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	28.57142857%	\$57,142,857.16
Compass Bank	17.85714286%	\$35,714,285.71
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, New York Branch	17.85714286%	\$35,714,285.71
Comerica Bank	17.85714286%	\$35,714,285.71
PNC Bank, National Association	17.85714286%	\$35,714,285.71
Aggregate Maximum Credit Amount	100.0000000%	\$200,000,000.00

#### CERTIFICATION

I, Travis D. Stice, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viper Energy Partners LP (the "registrant").
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Travis D. Stice

Travis D. Stice Chief Executive Officer Viper Energy Partners GP LLC (as general partner of Viper Energy Partners LP)

#### CERTIFICATION

I, Teresa L. Dick, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viper Energy Partners LP (the "registrant").
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Teresa L. Dick

Teresa L. Dick Chief Financial Officer Viper Energy Partners GP LLC (as general partner of Viper Energy Partners LP)

#### **CERTIFICATION OF PERIOD REPORT**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viper Energy Partners LP (the "Partnership"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Travis D. Stice, Chief Executive Officer of Viper Energy Partners GP LLC, the general partner of Viper Energy Partners LP, and Teresa L. Dick, Chief Financial Officer of Viper Energy Partners GP LLC, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to their knowledge:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a) or 78o(d)); and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Travis D. Stice

Travis D. Stice Chief Executive Officer Viper Energy Partners GP LLC (as general partner of Viper Energy Partners LP)

Date: August 10, 2015

/s/ Teresa L. Dick

Teresa L. Dick Chief Financial Officer Viper Energy Partners GP LLC (as general partner of Viper Energy Partners LP)